NOTICES OF PUBLIC MEETINGS

A public meeting will take place at the time and place indicated below. The meeting is open to the public in keeping with Chapter 19, Subchapter IV, 1985 Wisconsin Statutes (Open Meeting Law).

Government Unit Conducting Meeting:

Date:

Time: Place: Finance Committee June 23, 2025

4:30 p.m.

Park Falls Public Library – 2nd Floor Conference Room

AGENDA

1. Call to Order

- 2. Set Meeting Frequency
- 3. Review Invoices for Approval
- 4. Adjourn

A public meeting will take place at the time and place indicated below. The meeting is open to the public in keeping with Chapter 19, Subchapter IV, 1985 Wisconsin Statutes (Open Meeting Law).

Government Unit Conducting Meeting:

Date: Time:

Place:

Common Council June 23, 2025

5:00 p.m.

410 Division Street - 3rd Floor Auditorium

AGENDA

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Pledge of Allegiance
- Roll Call
- 4. Adopt the Agenda
- 5. Approval of Minutes:
 - A. Plan Commission Meeting June 5, 2025
 - B. Common Council Meeting June 9, 2025
- 6. Communications
- 7. Public Comment
- 8. New Business
 - A. Chicken Coop Permit 1077 7th Avenue South
 - B. Request for Backflow Preventor Installation N15544 Ash Street
 - C. Baker Tilly 2024 Audit Presentation
 - D. Ordinance 25-012 Cemeteries-Privileges and Restrictions
- 9. Committee Reports
 - A. Finance
 - 1. Payment of Bills
 - B. Board of Public Works
 - C. Public Services
 - D. Personnel
- 10. Committee of the Whole Items
- 11. City Officials' Reports
- 12. Adjourn

Posted: June 18, 2025

Prepared By: Shannon Greenwood, Clerk

Services are provided on an Equal Opportunity basis. Reasonable accommodation for alternative means of communication or access for individuals with disabilities will be made upon request. Please call 715-762-2436.

PLAN COMMISSION MEETING MINUTES - 6/5/2025

Government Unit Conducting Meeting:

Date:
Time:

Plan Commission
June 5, 2025
4:00 P.M.

Place: 410 Division Street, Park Falls, WI 54552

2nd Floor Conference Room

Members of the Board of Plan Commission Present: Mayor Tara Tervort, Michael Mader, Dixie Weidman, Victor Ambrose, Michelle Scharp

Members Absent: Lauri Hart, Gary Wollerman

Staff: Scott Kluver, Shannon Greenwood, William Hoffman

Public: None

The meeting was called to order by Mayor Tara Tervort at 4:00 pm.

Public Comment – Alderman Mader asked if the Accessory Building Regulations can be added to the next Agenda for discussion.

Plan Commission Resolution 25-001 – Comprehensive Plan Future Land Use Map Amendments – Reviewed the proposed changes to the following Parcels:

- 27111333000 Parcel on both sides of the river City owned, currently I-1, proposed to be R-2. Discussed making west side R2 and east side Agricultural.
- 2. 271112709000 Damrow property request to make entire parcel agricultural parcel is currently split between two zoning districts. Property owners are ok with the requested change.
- 3. 271112906010, 271112902000, 271112807000, 271112806000, 271112805010, 271112805020, 271112804000 A group of properties that are listed as C-1 Commercial that are being used for residential use along the river. Proposed change to R-2.
- 4. 271103201010 A small triangular parcel that is part of a larger residential property across the street. Should be changed from I-1 to R-2.
- 5. 271100506000, 271100505000, 271100507000, 271100408000, 271100409000, 271100407000, 271100410000, 271100307000, 27110039000, 271100308000, 271100310000, 271102505000, 271102504000 A group of properties that are vacant or currently used for residential purposes that are currently shown at C-1 Commercial that should be R-2 Residential. This area was missed in the initial revision to the land use map at the beginning of the year.
- 6. 271110006012, 271110006010 Currently zoned A-1 and should be zoned R-2. These are residential lots at the end of Heritage Lane.

Administrator Kluver noted that he does not recommend changing parcel 271111603000 as originally discussed to R-2 as the housing project is on hold. This may create a spot zone in this area and leaving this parcel commercial would not impact a future housing development. There was a motion to approve the changes to suggested, including the changes to number one by Michelle Scharp and seconded by Victor Ambrose. Motion carried.

The meeting was adjourned at 4:28 p.m.

Prepared by: Shannon Greenwood, City Clerk

COMMON COUNCIL MEETING MINUTES 6/09/2025

The Common Council of the City of Park Falls met in regular session at 5:00 PM on Monday, June 9, 2025. Mayor Tara Tervort called the meeting to order at 5:00 PM and the following members were present:

> Tara Tervort Mayor:

Dan Greenwood Alderman:

Dennis Wartgow Terry Wilson James Corbett Anthony Thier Dixie Weidman Michael Mader Dina Bukachek

Bryce Schoenborn City Attorney:

Scott Kluver City and Zoning Administrator:

Staff present: Shannon Greenwood, Bill Hoffman, Marvin Nevelier, Becky Michels

Also present: Gary Wollerman, Helen Graham, Leon Graham, James Gelina, Victor Ambrose, Kortney Veitengruber

There was a motion by Alderman Weidman and seconded by Alderman Mader to adopt the agenda as presented. Motion carried.

There was a motion by Alderman Wartgow and seconded by Alderman Wilson to approve the minutes for the Common Council meeting on May 12, 2025. Motion carried.

COMMUNICATIONS - Alderman Mader noted that the Beautification Committee hung the hanging baskets in the downtown.

PUBLIC COMMENT - James Gelina, N15544 Ash Street - concerned about lift station near his home stating that it has been a problem for 15-20 years. This item is on the June 23rd Council meeting Agenda. Helen Graham 274 5th Avenue North – concerned about amount of dust from PF Hardwoods that is settling in their yard and even creeping into the inside.

NEW BUSINESS

Opened the Public Hearing for Resolution 25-005 -Vacating 3rd Avenue South: The Mayor called three times for comments, questions, or concerns. Motion by Alderman Wartgow and seconded by Alderman Mader to approve Resolution 25-005-Vacating 3rd Avenue South. Motion carried. Reviewed CMAR Report. Motion by Alderman Greenwood and seconded by Alderman Wilson to approve Resolution 25-004-CMAR Report. Motion carried. Reviewed 2025-2026 Liquor License applications for approval and renewal. Chief Nevelier's report noted the number of issues has decreased considerably from prior years. Motion by Alderman Wartgow and seconded by Alderman Mader to approve. Motion carried. Motion by Alderman Mader and seconded by Weidman to approve the Temporary Class B Liquor License application from Young Professionals for the 4th of

July event. Motion carried. Motion by Alderman Bukachek and seconded by Alderman Wilson to approve the Temporary Class B Liquor License from the Chamber for Wednesday Night Live. Motion carried. Motion by Alderman Wilson and seconded by Alderman Bukachek to approve the Temporary Class B Liquor License from the Chamber for Flambeau Rama. Motion carried. The Mayor requested revisiting the Cell Tower Lease Buyout offer. The subsequent offer is less than the original. Motion by Alderman Wartgow and seconded by Alderman Greenwood to approve the buyout with the condition that the City maintains a perpetual easement to keep our EMS repeater on that tower. Motion carried. Motion by Alderman Wilson and seconded by Alderman Mader to create the Athletic Complex Committee to engage with the School District with regards to the track facilities. Motion carried. The Mayor would like to appoint herself, Administrator Kluver, Alderman Wartgow and Alderman Weidman to the Committee. Motion by Alderman Wilson and seconded by Alderman Greenwood to accept the appointments. Motion carried.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Finance – There was a motion by Alderman Bukachek and seconded by Alderman Corbett to approve paying the bills in the amount of \$315,826.84. Motion carried, 8-0.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE ITEMS – Administrator Kluver discussed the proposed Elected Officials Manual stating that it would be good to review and give to incoming elected officials. Atty. Schoenborn will review prior to final approval and the document will be on a future agenda.

CITY OFFICIALS' REPORTS

Mayor Tervort has started a quarterly video to be posted on social media with the intention of being transparent about what is happening in the City and to give the public an opportunity to ask questions or comment.

Administrator Kluver has revisited the Raze Order list and is pushing for action to address some of those properties. He noted that he will be starting the capital budget process soon and that an intern is starting on Friday as well. The City will be doing a series of RFPs to review services. Baker Tilly is expected to be presenting on the Audit at the next meeting.

City Clerk Greenwood stated that the swimming pool is officially open as of today and there are 11 Lifeguards this year.

PW Director Hoffman gave an update from MSA on the 2024 utility project. A1 will be back June 16th to finish shoulders and final completion July 1st. Janke Builders, the landscapers and concrete workers have been at the Park with still few items to complete including countertops and plumbing installation. The rest of the pavilion roofing material arrived today. There are 5 summer crew members and 4 are new. Park grand opening is scheduled with MSA proving ice cream to first 200 people on July 23rd. DPW crew built cornhole boards to add to the amenities at the Hines Park and will be updating the existing horseshoe pit that is in disrepair.

Chief of Police Nevelier: Wi-Fi has recently been installed at Old Abe Memorial Park and a security camera will be ordered tomorrow to provide 24-hour surveillance to hopefully deter any vandalism.

The meeting was adjourned at 6:07

Prepared by: Shannon Greenwood, City Clerk



410 Division Street P.O. Box 146 Park Falls, WI 54552 Phone (715) 762-2436 • Fax (715)762-2437 www.cityofparkfalls.com

-	-	
C202	5-	

CHICKEN COOP PERMIT APPLICATION MUNICIPAL ORDINANCE 6-6-1

Applicant's Name: a=hcco	anes Thompson
Phone: 970 787 7996 emai	maxhpapanail.com
Address: 1077 7th Ave N	Back Lalls W 54552
Property Owner: Jachico Jac	res Thompson
Property Owner Signature:	Phone:
Number of Hens: Size of	of Coop: 6×10
	se Material:
Non-Refundable \$75.00 Permit Fee due a before work has started will result in a doub. Permit expires December 31st each year. Relating that the information provided on this applicate with all applicable codes and ordinances of the City agreed that the City of Park Falls has no responsible Applicant's Signature:	enewal Fee is \$20.00 annually. Ition is complete and accurate, and I agree to comply of Park Falls and the State of Wisconsin. It is further
	Fee paid:
Letters sent:	Council meeting date:
Action: () Granted () Denied	
If denied, basis for denial:	
Signature:	Date:
Inspection Date:	

We are OK with James thompson having a chicken-coop permit at 1077 7th Av. So. Burny prompson,

1 fences ar least chicker 200 feet Stom any property line 7 Th Ave S





Date created: 6/18/2025 Last Data Uploaded: 6/17/2025 9:41:41 PM Developed by



Real Estate Price County

Property Listing

Today's Date: 5/29/2025

Property Status: Current

Created On: 2/22/2006 9:02:45 AM

(20)	Des	CPI	nti	On
	Des	CII	Pu	UII
			-	

Ownership Updated: 2/10/2025

GARY D & BUNNY ROSE

Updated: 2/10/2025

Tax ID: PIN:

....

24708

THOMPSON 50-271-2-40-01-26-1 02-000-10000

PARK FALLS WI

Legacy PIN:

271113308000

Map ID:

1109-A

Municipality:

(271) CITY OF PARK FALLS

STR:

S26 T40N R01W

Description:

26-40-1W PRT OF NW-NE PCL

DESC IN 405954 EXCPET HWY

ROW IN 401110

Recorded Acres:

1,900

Calculated Acres:

1.900

Lottery Claims:

0

First Dollar:

Yes

Zoning:

(C1) Commercial

FSN:

501

20111	551	
n oa		
Tax Districts		Updated: 1/6/2020

	•
1	STATE OF WISCONSIN
50	PRICE COUNTY
271	CITY OF PARK FALLS
501071	SCHL-CHEQUAMEGON
001500	TECHNICAL COLLEGE
9250	PARK FALLS TID 5

Recorded Documents

Updated: 8/19/2010

ADDRESS CHANGE

Date Recorded: 2/10/2025

WARRANTY DEED

Date Recorded: 7/31/2024

405954

ZONING CHANGE

Date Recorded: 8/7/2018 ACREAGE ADDED

Date Recorded: 12/20/2013

B ABRIDGMENT OF JUDGMENT

Date Recorded: 2/6/2004

323586 534R-409

WARRANTY DEED

Date Recorded: 8/7/2000

301512 438R-533

PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE'S DEED

Date Recorded: 6/26/2000

300947 437R-57

Billing Address:

GARY D & BUNNY ROSE THOMPSON

805 ATWOOD AVE PARK FALLS WI 54552 Mailing Address: **GARY D & BUNNY ROSE**

THOMPSON

805 ATWOOD AVE PARK FALLS WI 54552

Site Address

* indicates Private Road

1077 7TH AVE S

PARK FALLS 54552

Property Assessment Updated: 10/4/2018 2025 Assessment Detail Land Code Acres Imp. **G1-RESIDENTIAL** 1.900 12,600 58,600

2-Year Comparison 2024 2025 Change Land: 12,600 12,600 0.0% 0.0% Improved: 58,600 58,600 Total: 71,200 71,200 0.0%

Property History

N/A

Susan Tollers 1114 South 7th Ave. Park Falls, WI 54552 sktollers@charter.net

June 17, 2025

City of Park Falls, WI P.O. Box 146 Park Falls, WI 54552 clerk@cityofparkfalls.com

I am today in receipt of the letter sent by the city to the neighbors of James Thompson who has requested a permit for a chicken coop at his residence at 1077 - 7th Ave. South.

I would like to go on file as objecting to the permit of this chicken coop. While I am not a full-time resident of Park Falls, I do spend many weeks at my home there. At my home in Minnesota, I have had the occasion to have a neighbor that had a chicken coop, so I feel I speak from experience. A chicken coop causes added irritating noise to a neighborhood. A chicken coop draws the attention and presence of other wild animals...not generally appreciated or welcome to home dwellers. The neighborhood's proximity to undeveloped wooded area already sees an increase in animal activity...we do NOT need more. I strongly oppose the granting of this request for a chicken coop.

Sincerely, Susan Tollers

MN residence: 1827 16 ½ ST NW Rochester, MN. 55901



Shannon Greenwood <clerk@cityofparkfalls.com>

Chicken Coop Permit

1 message

Don Neeck <don@neeckconstructioninc.com>
To: "clerk@cityofparkfalls.com" <clerk@cityofparkfalls.com>

Wed, Jun 18, 2025 at 12:32 PM

Hi Shannon,

Unfortunately I am not available to attend the city council meeting to express my opposition for the application of a chicken coop permit at the residence of James Thompson. I am a partial owner of Rosie Neecks home directly across the street from the Thompson residence.

Noise, Odor, and vermin attraction are some of the reasons I oppose the permit but my main concern is property devaluation. A chicken coop is invasive affecting all the property owners on that peaceful quiet 7th Ave hill.

If the permit is granted and the chicken coop is built it would be nearly impossible to reverse the permit and remove the structure as problems arise.

Sincerely,

Donald Neeck



Shannon Greenwood <clerk@cityofparkfalls.com>

Fwd: Voice message from NEECK,ROSE (7157624154) to 7157440167

tel: 7157624154 <non-mail-user@myphone.norvado.net>
To: Shannon Greenwood <7157440167@myphone.norvado.net>

Thu, Jun 12, 2025 at 9:14 AM

The attached message was recently left in your voicemail account for 7157440167. We are sending you this email because you have asked for your messages to be forwarded to this address.

The original message is still in your account, and will be played or shown as usual the next time you log in. If you prefer, you can use the link below to delete it. You can also mark messages as "read", which means they will be kept in your voicemail account, but will not be treated as new messages.

Delete this message (without further confirmation)
Mark this message as read
Mark all messages as read
Log in to your voicemail account

Good morning, this is Rosemead. I am responding to the letter that I received about the chicken coop permit that is for the chicken coop to be located on 7th Ave. South. I just want to voice my opinion I strongly. I strongly am against having a chicken coop right across the street from me. Umm, and I know this isn't gonna make any difference, but I just wanna be on record as saying that I, uh, highly, umm, disapprove of it. So thank you.





410 Division Street
P.O. Box 146
Park Falls, WI 54552
Phone (715)762-2436 Fax (715) 762-2437
www.cityofparkfalls.com

To:

Honorable Mayor and Alders

From:

Scott J. Kluver, Administrator

Re:

Request for Sewer Backflow Preventer Installation

Date:

June 17, 2025

Enclosed you will find a letter from Mr. James Gelina who resides at N15544 Ash Street in the Town of Lake, and he is connected to the City's sewer system. Mr. Gelina has had a significant sewer backup into his home on two different occasions and is aware of a backup prior to him being the property owner. The last backup occurred this past winter and resulted in tens of thousands of dollars of damage. The cost was covered by the City's insurance, and the City has a specific policy coverage for sewer backups related to the City. Mr. Gelina is understandably upset by these disruptive incidents, and wants them to stop. As such, he is requesting that a backflow preventer be installed, at City expense, to prevent future backups.

This latest incident was caused by a computer failure on the lift station, and it was repaired the same day. However, by the time it was repaired, the damage had been done. The previous incident occurred in 2017 and was caused by heavy rain and flooding in the area. There was apparently another backup under previous owner of the property (pre-2014), but the circumstances of that backup are unknown.

The location of the lift station is not ideal, and the replacement of this station is on the list of future Sewer Utility projects to consider. The wet well for this station is located in the pavement of the roadway. If this station were to be reconstructed, it would be better to relocate the wet well to the right-of-way next to the road if possible. This would likely reduce the risk of backups due to flooding. In addition, there is no generator on site for this lift station. A power failure has not been known to occur here, but that is a potential risk for lift station failure. Another potential option to reduce risk is to have a redundant float system installed. In the case of the recent computer failure, had there been a float system at this lift station, it would have still turned the station on to pump. Upgrading the station to three-phase power would also be ideal as it would allow for more powerful pumps to better handle items that should not have been flushed in the first place (e.g. wet wipes, rags, objects, etc.)

We are aware of two other properties in the City of Park Falls where these sewer backflow preventers were installed. In both of those cases, the property owners installed and paid for them. In one of these cases, there was a failure in the sewer main (clog) and the property owner did it as a safety measure for their own piece of mind. A neighboring house installed it as a condition of the sale to be a safety measure as well.

While I understand that Mr. Gelina is upset about the backups into his property, as anyone would be, the City is not under any obligation to install the backflow preventer on his sewer lateral. I asked the insurance company if they would be willing to install it, and they would not be. The City pays for no-fault insurance related sewer back-ups to help protect property owners from backups. It is possible for the City to install the backflow preventer without being precedent setting, as each of these situations are different and there are different Council members in place. Nonetheless, people may argue differently about this in the future. Keep in mind that there is also no guarantee that a backflow preventer would prevent a backup. Should an issue be occurring, sewage from the property may backup causing an issue, or the pressure could be so great to cause the preventer to fail. There are no guarantees of anything.

In my opinion, as financing in the Sewer Utilities allows, improvements or replacement of the lift station should be considered. I am aware that the Council is sensitive to doing additional work that would further drive up rates, and so I will be looking at when payoff of existing debt may allow for new projects without increasing rates. The Council can consider installing a backflow preventer on this property if it so chooses, and weigh the pros and cons of doing so. If approved, the cost would be charged to the Sewer Utility.

To whom it may concern,

I James Gelina who resides at N15544 Ash St in Park Falls Wi am filing complaint against the city of Park Falls for the constant failure of the city sewer lift station located on Ash St in Park falls. Because of the failures of the lift station has caused the sewer to back up into my basement and 2 times now since I moved in on November of 2014 and has caused severe damage to my property!! I was told hat this is was the 3rd time that this has happened to this property twice with me a once withe the previous owners. In the spring of 2015 I was told by a employee that the lift station has been known to fail. So its been 10 plus years that the city knew the lift station needed repare or replacement!! I know for a fact that the city had received some state money to help fix the promblem. When I talked with Scott Kluver he did admit they did have the money and decided to use it in other projects and for that choice I to pay the price again!! Its not will it happen again its when it will happen again. In meantime I have to live in fear when will it happen again!!

I know its expensive thats when i talked with Scott on the phone I suggested to him to have a sewer backflow preventer with clean out installed. he said he would check. He called on 06/02/2025 and said the cost would be \$2,000 to \$3,000 which is peanuts compared to the cost of having to replace the lift station. Then he went on to say it would be at my cost I said absolutely not I will not pay a dime towards the backflow peventer because its a city issue not mine I'm a customer the city should be responsible for any repares not me!! I feel this reacuring problem is depreciating the value of my property and in a small town everyone has probably heard about as many times as it has happened. So with all this said I think the city should be 100 % responsible for all parts and labor to have the sewer backflow preventer with the clean out installed. Like I said I will not be willing to pay one dime for this. I have talked to several attorneys about this issue but decided I would give the city a chance to make things right firts.

Signed James A Gelina

1

Signature Jama G Slug dated 01051 2025

UKAFI 6.11.25

City of Park Falls

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2024

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the City Council of City of Park Falls

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Park Falls, Wisconsin (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June xx, 2025 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin June xx, 2025 Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

	Primary Government						
		Sovernmental		Business- Type			
		Activities	_	Activities		Total	
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	1 010 000					
Taxes receivable	Φ	1,910,063	\$	400,914	9	-,,	
Delinquent special assessments receivable		1,823,513		-		1,823,513	
Notes receivable, net		11,832		-		11,832	
Other receivables, net		937,549		-		937,549	
Due from other governments		45,033		556,025		601,058	
Internal balances		2,418,352		-		2,418,352	
Inventories and prepaid items		(119,917)		119,917			
Restricted assets, cash and investments		172,224		69,526		241,750	
Capital assets:		-		165,221		165,221	
Land and right of way		SOURCE HAR I KING COMMON					
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		416,175		159,318		575,493	
and supred assets, her or depreciation	-	16,957,906		16,906,965	_	33,864,871	
Total assets		04 570 700					
	****	24,572,730	_	18,377,886	_	42,950,616	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Pension related amounts		1 004 070		004.400			
		1,084,078	_	221,198	_	1,305,276	
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,084,078		221,198		1,305,276	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	*			221,100		1,000,270	
and Net Position							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		4 405 050					
Accrued liabilities and deposits		1,105,350		32,203		1,137,553	
Unearned revenue		131,819		32,681		164,500	
Noncurrent liabilities:		366,095		-		366,095	
Due within one year							
Due in more than one year		456,064		637,548		1,093,612	
Net pension liability		8,065,623		5,080,784		13,146,407	
,		116,813		29,203		146,016	
Total liabilities		10,241,764		5,812,419		16,054,183	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				0,012,410		10,034,163	
Unearned revenues							
Pension related amounts		1,849,203		-		1,849,203	
Chision related amounts	-	626,458		156,611	2000	783,069	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2 475 664		450.044			
		2,475,661		156,611		2,632,272	
let Position							
Net investment in capital assets		9,081,570		11 410 470		00 101 010	
Restricted:		3,001,370		11,412,479		20,494,049	
Loan programs, CDBG		290,653					
TIF districts				-		290,653	
Special project, DARE		1,908,927		-		1,908,927	
Fair housing fund		18,858				18,858	
Equipment replacement fund		54,070				54,070	
Unrestricted		1 505 005		152,226		152,226	
		1,585,305		1,065,349		2,650,654	
Total net position	_\$	12,939,383	\$	12,630,054	\$	25,569,437	

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Net (Expenses) Revenues and

City of Park Falls
Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	1					
	Charges for	Operating Grants and	1	Governmental	Business-Type	Total
Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	
\$ 1,111,595	\$ 22,262	\$ 17,812	∽	\$ (1,071,521)	. · ·	\$ (1,071,521) (1,100,552)
1,131,204	21,327	9,325 469,812	1 1	(637,522)	r ı	(637,522)
34,005	27,593	1	•	(6,412)		(6,412)
6,136,696	50,480	j	6,583,141	496,925	ı	3,252,596
176,586 364,415	x •		5,429,102	(364,415)	i i	(364,415)
608,088	î	1	1.	(608,088)		20,000
10,700,040	151,779	496,949	10,012,323	(38,989)		(38,989)
			•	j	257,455	257,455
936,521	1,193,976		. 1	•	12,906	12,906
711,984	223.906	8,926	ī	1	5,627	5,627
10,490	'	1		1	(10,490)	4,01)
1,886,200	2,142,772	8,926			265,498	265,498
\$ 12,586,240	\$ 2,294,551	\$ 505,875	\$ 10,012,323	(38,989)	265,498	226,509
General Revenues	nes					4 502 704
Property tax	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	al purposes		1,502,704		420,385
Property tax	Property taxes, levied for TIF districts	stricts		81,340	1.	81,340
Other taxes		orthod to specific	prodrams	2,058,638	•	2,058,638
Intergovernme	Intergovernmental revenues noun	Intergovernmental revenues flot resultated to specific programs		41,918	43,956	85,874
Miscellaneous				66,300		000,00
Total	Total general revenues			4,171,285	43,956	4,215,241
Transfers				(2,910,237)	2,910,237	
200	nosition			1,222,059	3,219,691	4,441,750
5				1	0 440 363	21 127 687
Net Position, Beginning	Seginning			11,717,324		21,121,
1				47 030 383	\$ 12 630 054	\$ 25,569,437

Refuse Utility Economic Redevelopment Authority

Business-type activities: Water Utility Sewer Utility

Total business-type activities

Total primary government

Leisure activities Conservation and development Interest and fiscal charges Depreciation, unallocated

Health and human services

Public works

Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety

Functions/Programs

Total governmental activities

See notes to financial statements

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City of Park Falls
Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
December 31, 2024

				С	apital Projects						
		General Fund	Capital Projects		TIF #5		YMCA Grant	- (Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Assets										_	TOtal
Cash and investments											
Receivables:	\$	678,763	\$ 38,932	\$	624,291	\$	207,979	\$	360,098	\$	1,910,063
Taxes		4 504 004							000,000		1,910,063
Accounts, net		1,561,364	*		262,064		-		85		1,823,513
Notes, net		20,204	*		24,829		-		-		45.033
Delinquent special assessments, net		753,728	-		-		-		183,821		937.549
Due from other governments		11,832	-		-		-				11,832
Due from other funds	-	144,000 534,059	-		1,490,196		784,156		-	9	2,418,352
Advances to other funds		509,775	-		€		-		-		534.059
Inventories and prepaid items		31,881			-						509,775
₩ 301 ×	·	31,001	 140,343		-						172,224
Total assets	\$	4,245,606	\$ 179,275	\$	2,401,380	\$	992,135	•	544.004		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)					2,401,000		992,135	\$	544,004	\$	8,362,400
Liabilities											
Accounts payable											
Accrued liabilities	\$	53,047	\$ 175,569	\$	73,496	\$	700.050		7/46/2007/00/00		
Due to other funds		74,635	,	4	73,430	ð.	783,056	\$	20,182	\$	1,105,350
Unearned revenue		23,074	2						-		74,635
Advances from other funds		-	-				366,095		100		23,174
Taribas nom other fulles		334,361	-		296,441		360,095		500 775		366,095
Total liabilities					200,171				509,775	_	1,140,577
	-	485,117	 175,569		369,937		1,149,151		530,057		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							11.101.01	_	330,037	-	2,709,831
Unearned revenues		-									
Unavailable revenues		1,561,364			287,754				85		1,849,203
		765,560	-		-		784,156		183,821		1,733,537
Total deferred inflows of resources								-	100,021	-	1,733,537
		2,326,924	 		287,754		784,156		183,906		3,582,740
Fund Balances (Deficit)							-		100,000		3,362,740
Nonspendable		553,488	0.20 0.0								
Restricted		333,466	140,343		[#]		(=)				693,831
Assigned		2,792	-		1,743,689		-		344,998		2,088,687
Unassigned (deficit)		877,285	(400.000)		-		-				2,792
		077,203	 (136,637)				(941,172)		(514,957)		(715,481)
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,433,565	3,706								1
Tatal California and a second		.,,,,,,,,,,	 3,706		1,743,689		(941,172)		(169,959)		2,069,829
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources											
and fund balances (deficit)	\$	4,245,606	\$ 179,275	\$	2,401,380	•	1999 800				
			 113,213	Ψ	2,401,380	\$	992,135	\$	544,004	\$	8,362,400

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$ 2,069,829
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. Capital assets at year end consist of: Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 29,140,260 (11,766,179)	17,374,081
Special assessments, certain grant receivables, loan receivables and various other receivables are reported as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements and are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements. See Note 3 for details.		1,733,537
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		1,084,078
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		(626,458)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These amounts are the net effect of these differences: Premium on debt		(267,511)
Long-term liabilities, including bond and notes payable, are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of: General obligation debt Accrued interest on general obligation debt Net pension liability Compensated absences	(8,102,576) (57,184) (116,813) (151,600)	 (8,428,173)
Total Net Position, Governmental Activities		\$ 12,939,383

City of Park Falls
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2024

			Capital Projects Fund	ls		
	General Fund	Capital Projects	TIF #5	YMCA Grant	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues					W	
Taxes	\$ 1,583,569	\$ -	\$ 277,159	\$ -	\$ 143,226	\$ 2,003,954
Special assessments	20,292		-	•	140,220	20,292
Intergovernmental	1,772,669	1,355,753	4,040,730	4,443,232	69	11,612,453
Licenses and permits	18,760	-			-	18,760
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	19,038	15	-			19,038
Public charges for services	93,691	500	5	e.		93,691
Intergovernmental charges for services Investment income	214,978	0.00	-	*		214,978
Miscellaneous	41,799				119	41,918
Miscellaneous	49,883	13,725	25,130			88,738
Total revenues	3,814,679	1,369,478	4,343,019	4,443,232	143,414	14,113,822
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	605,203					
Public safety	1,141,666	8		-		605,203
Public works	771,864		•		373	1,142,039
Health and human services	34,444			•	=	771,864
Leisure activities	689,287	28,418	-	5,415,599	-	34,444
Conservation and development	76,541	20,410	64.175	5,415,599		6,133,304
Capital outlay	51,322	3,149,341	3,432,402	•	55,987	196,703
Debt service:	01,022	0,140,041	3,432,402	1.5	500,000	7,133,065
Principal retirement			4,100,000		100.000	4.500.000
Interest and fiscal charges	6,364	48,844	144,156		400,000 170,968	4,500,000
		10,011	144,100		170,966	370,332
Total expenditures	3,376,691	3,226,603	7,740,733	5,415,599	1,127,328	20,886,954
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	437,988	(1,857,125)	(3,397,714)	(972,367)	(000.044)	(0.770.400)
	1911000	(1,007,120)	(5,557,714)	(912,361)	(983,914)	(6,773,132)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Long-term debt issued			2	_	5,175,000	5,175,000
Premium on long-term debt	-		-	_	198,637	198,637
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	117,038	4	-	-	100,007	117,038
Transfers in	116,329	108,128	5,690,156	2	437,487	6,352,100
Transfers out	(545,615)		-		(5,690,156)	(6,235,771)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(312,248)	108,128	5,690,156	-	120,968	5,607,004
Net change in fund balances	125,740	(1,748,997)	2,292,442	(972,367)	(862,946)	(1,166,128)
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	1,307,825	1,752,703	(548,753)	31,195	692,987	3,235,957
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 1,433,565	\$ 3,706	\$ 1,743,689	\$ (941,172)	\$ (169,959)	\$ 2,069,829



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances	, Total Governmental Funds
-----------------------------	----------------------------

(1,166,128)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

are unlerent because.	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. The following differ in their presentation in the two statements: Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Some items reported as capital outlay were not capitalized Capital assets contributed to the business-type activities Depreciation/amortization is reported in the government-wide statements Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year	7,133,065 (51,323) (3,026,566) (994,423) (575,222)
Grant and accounts receivables are reported as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements if not collected within 60 days of year end but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	701,473
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Debt issued Principal payments paid	(5,175,000) 4,500,000
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable Change in net pension liability (and pension related deferred inflows and outflows of resources)	15,736 (25,437) 33,250
Governmental funds report repayments of economic development and housing loans and notes receivables as revenue and issuing new loans as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, these amounts are not reported as revenue and expenses; they are reported as changes in the receivables balances.	20,117

Governmental funds report debt premiums and discounts as other financing sources (uses) or expenditures. However, in the Statement of Net Position, these are reported as additions to or deductions from long-term debt. Theses are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the Statement of Activities and are reported as interest expense.

Premium issued Change in/Amortization of premium

1,222,059

(198,637)

31,154

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

City of Park Falls
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fur Water Wastewater Nonmajor			ds	
	Utility	Utility	Funds	Total	
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 400,388	\$ 526	\$ 400,914	
Restricted assets, construction account	-	12,995	-	12,995	
Customer accounts receivable	309,590	188,911	.=	498,501	
Other accounts receivable	-	-	57,524	57,524	
Due from other funds	13,213	7,697	2,164	23,074	
Current portion of advances to other funds	-	46,868	-	46,868	
Inventories and prepaid items	62,209	7,317		69,526	
Total current assets	385,012	664,176	60,214	1,109,402	
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Equipment replacement	-	152,226	-	152,226	
Capital assets:					
Land	99,318	60,000	-	159,318	
Capital assets being depreciated	16,460,069	11,503,312	2,098,996	30,062,377	
Accumulated depreciation	(6,505,047)	(4,551,369)	(2,098,996)	(13,155,412)	
Other assets: Advances to other funds		205.010			
Advances to other lights	-	925,816		925,816	
Total noncurrent assets	10,054,340	8,089,985		18,144,325	
Total assets	10,439,352	8,754,161	60,214	19,253,727	
D.4					
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related amounts					
Pension related amounts	110,598	88,484	22,116	221,198	
Total deferred outflows of resources	110,598	88,484	22,116	221,198	
Lightities Deferred Inflame of December					
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Net Position					
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	9,342	14,051	8,810	32,203	
Accrued interest Accrued expenses	11,271	5,321	-	16,592	
Due to other funds	9,818	6,056	215	16,089	
	519,411	=	14,548	533,959	
Current portion of advances from other funds	17,098	-	-	17,098	
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	1,080	981	-	2,061	
Current portion of long-term debt	476,876	158,611		635,487	
Total current liabilities	1,044,896	185,020	23,573	1,253,489	
	1,044,030	100,020	20,573	1,233,469	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Long-term debt	2,544,299	2,487,013		5,031,312	
Advances from other funds	324,784	-	¥	324,784	
Accrued compensated absences	25,932	23,540	<u>.</u>	49,472	
Net pension liability	14,602	11,681	2,920	29,203	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,909,617	2,522,234	2,020	E 424 771	
	2,303,017	2,322,234	2,920	5,434,771	
Total liabilities	3,954,513	2,707,254	26,493	6,688,260	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Pension related amounts	78,305	62,647	15,659	156,611	
	70,000	02,047	10,000	130,011	
Total deferred inflow of resources	78,305	62,647	15,659	156,611	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	7.000.400	4 270 242		14 140 170	
Restricted for:	7,033,166	4,379,313	•	11,412,479	
Equipment replacement		450.000		450 000	
Unrestricted (deficit)	/E40.004\	152,226	40.476	152,226	
S. Souleton (delivity	(516,034)	1,541,205	40,178	1,065,349	
Total net position	\$ 6,517,132	\$ 6,072,744	\$ 40,178	\$ 12,630,054	
	,-,,,,,,		, ,,,,,	+ .2,000,007	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water Utility	Wastewater Nonmajor Utility Funds		Total	
Operating Revenues	\$ 1,193,976	\$ 724,890	\$ 232,832	\$ 2,151,698	
Operating Expenses Operation and maintenance Depreciation Taxes	485,075 390,070 8,977	454,187 239,977 	227,205 10,490	1,166,467 640,537 8,977	
Total operating expenses	884,122	694,164	237,695	1,815,981	
Operating income (loss)	309,854	30,726	(4,863)	335,717	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment income Interest and fiscal charges Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	33,534 (52,399) (18,865)	10,422 (17,820) (7,398)		43,956 (70,219) (26,263)	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	290,989	23,328	(4,863)	309,454	
Contributions and Transfers Capital contributions Transfers out	1,829,289 (116,329)	1,197,277		3,026,566 (116,329)	
Total contributions and transfers	1,712,960	1,197,277		2,910,237	
Change in net position	2,003,949	1,220,605	(4,863)	3,219,691	
Net Position, Beginning	4,513,183	4,852,139	45,041	9,410,363	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 6,517,132	\$ 6,072,744	\$ 40,178	\$ 12,630,054	

City of Park Falls
Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	(Water	Wastewater		Nonmajor	unus	
	-	Utility	Utility		Funds		Total
Cach Flows From On and the A. W. W.						_	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash received from customers							
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$	1,201,120	\$ 700,811	\$	227,797	\$	2,129,728
Cash paid to employees for convices		(298,892)	(384,041)	(207,128)	Ĺ	(890,061)
Cash paid to employees for services	_	(219,537)	(137,938)	(20,669)		(378,144)
Net cash flows from operating activities		682,691	178,832				861,523
	***************************************		170,002			-	001,323
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities							
Transfers to other funds		(116,329)	=		_		(116,329)
Max and g	-				*		(1.0,020)
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		(116,329)			-		(116,329)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities							
Investment income							
investment income	-	33,534	10,422		_		43,956
Net cash flows from investing activities							
The state of the s		33,534	10,422		-		43,956
Cash Flows From Capital and Related							
Financing Activities							
Debt proceeds			296,441				222 100
Debt retired		(465,695)			-		296,441
Interest paid		(52,399)	(203,329) (17,820)		-		(669,024)
Advances (to) from other funds		(16,892)	(263,028)		-		(70,219)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(64,910)	(47,564)		-		(279,920)
	_	(04,510)	(47,304)			-	(112,474)
Net cash flows from capital and related							
financing activities		(599,896)	(235,300)		_		(835,196)
	-		(230,000)			_	(033,190)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-	(46,046)		-		(46,046)
Control of the contro			X:				(40,040)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		-	611,655		526		612,181
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending							
oush and oush Equivalents, Ending			\$ 565,609	\$	526	\$	566,135
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents							
Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net position:							
Cash and investments	. 2.						
Restricted cash and investments:	\$	-	\$ 400,388	\$	526	\$	400,914
Bond proceeds account							
Replacement account		_	12,995		-		12,995
, 0	-		152,226				152,226
Cash and cash equivalents							
per statement of cash flows	\$	_	\$ 565,609	•	500	•	500 105
			<u> </u>	\$	526	\$	566,135
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to							
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	309,854	\$ 30.726	\$	(4,863)	\$	335,717
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to			¥ 00,120	Ψ	(4,000)	Ψ	333,717
net cash flows from operating activities:							
Noncash items included in income:							
Depreciation		390,070	239,977		10,490		640,537
Depreciation charged to other accounts		11,033	(11,033)		-		-
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Customer accounts receivable		9,324	(5,349)		÷		3,975
Other accounts receivable Receivable from Municipality		-			(2,871)		(2,871)
Inventories and prepaid items		(13,213)	(7,697)		(2,164)		(23,074)
Accounts payable		16,743	2,478		-		19,221
Payable to Municipality		(26,972)	(67,733)		(12,950)		(107,655)
Other current liabilities		(11,260)			13,036		1,776
Accrued compensated absences		(3,588)	(3,711)		154		(7,145)
Pension related deferrals and asset		4,855	4,501				9,356
	-	(4,155)	(3,327)		(832)		(8,314)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	682,691	\$ 178,832	\$		ø	904 500
		002,001	¥ 170,032	Ψ		\$	861,523
Noncash Capital, Investing and Financing Activities							
Capital assets contributed from TIF #5	_\$	1,829,289	\$ 1,197,277	\$	_		

UKAFI 6.17.25

City of Park Falls
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 680,612
Taxes receivable	1,289,020
Total assets	1,969,632
Liabilities Due to other governments	1,969,632
Net Position	
Total net position	\$

UKAFI 6.11.25

City of Park Falls

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund		
Additions Property taxes collected for other governments	\$ 1,254,158		
Deductions Property taxes distributed to other governments	1,254,158		
Change in fiduciary net position	-		
Net Position, Beginning			
Net Position, Ending	\$ -		

UKAFI 6.11.25

City of Park Falls

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Park Falls, Wisconsin (the City) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the City. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component unit. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of three methods, discrete presentation, blended or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

Blended Component Unit

The Redevelopment Authority of the City of Park Falls (RDA) serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected council. The rates for any user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's council and the government is legally obligated to provide resources in case there are deficiencies in debt service payments and resources are not available from other remedies. The Authority is reported as an enterprise fund. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Component Unit Not Presented

Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust

The Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust is a legally separate organization. The bylaws of the Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust establish the purpose of the organization. The resources held by the organization are for the benefit of the City's library. The Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust does not issue separate financial statements. The City has elected to exclude the Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust from these financial statement as the amounts are not significant to the City as a whole.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This standard was implemented January 1, 2024. The impact of implementation was not material.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or assigned to expenditures for the acquisition or construction of the City's capital improvement plan projects.

TIF #5, Capital Projects Fund, is used to account for and report financial resources that are committed for expenditures in accordance with the TIF District plan.

YMCA Grant, Capital Projects Fund, is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted to expenditures for the acquisition and construction of the YMCA project.

Enterprise Funds

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility accounts for operations of the water system.

Wastewater Utility accounts for operations of the wastewater system.

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

DARE CDBG Fair Housing

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of equipment and/or major capital facilities.

TIF #3 Development TIF #6 Development

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for and report any activity for which a fee is charged to external uses for goods or services, and must be used for activities which meet certain debt or cost recovery criteria.

Refuse Redevelopment Authority, Blended Component Unit

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Custodial Fund

Custodial Fund is used to account for and report assets controlled by the City and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and wastewater utilities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and wastewater utilities, refuse fund and redevelopment authority are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy contains the following guidelines:

Custodial Credit Risk - The policy states investments shall be collateralized with a written agreement for amounts above and beyond coverage provided by FDIC. Collateral is limited to securities of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies and AAA rated irrevocable letters of credit.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

See Note 3 for further information.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the City, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar - 2024 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date
Tax bills mailed
Payment in full, or
First installment due
Second installment due
Tax sale, 2024 delinquent real estate taxes

December 2024
December 2024
January 31, 2025
January 31, 2025
July 31, 2025
October 2027

Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the County, which assumes the collection thereof. Therefore, no provision has been made for uncollectible real estate taxes.

The water and wastewater utilities have the right, by law, to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll. Therefore, no provision for has been made for uncollectible utility bills.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a nonspendable fund balance account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or by a restricted fund balance account, if the funds will ultimately be restricted when the advance is repaid.

The City has received federal and state grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The amount recorded as economic development and housing rehabilitation loans receivable has not been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

It is the City's policy to record unavailable revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and/or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at average cost based on FIFO and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties.

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor and overhead. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	20-50	Years
Furniture and equipment	5-10	Years
Vehicles	5-10	Years
Infrastructure	10-50	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts.

Vacation and sick leave pay is accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2024, are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."
- When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. **Nonspendable** Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by
 external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the City Council. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the City Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Council may take official action to assign amounts. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which
 has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned
 fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if
 expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

See Note 3 for further information.

Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset);
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions;
 and
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Basis for Existing Rates

Water and Wastewater Utilities

Current water rates were approved by the Public Service Commission order 4550-WQ-104 and were in effect for services rendered on or after September 17, 2023.

Current wastewater rates were approved by the City Council and were in effect for services rendered on or after January 1. 2023.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Deficit Balances

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2024, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund		Amount	Reason			
Capital Projects Fund - YMCA Fund Capital Projects Fund - TIF #6 Development	\$	941,172 514,957	Expenditures in excess of grant revenues Expenditures in excess of increment			

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created thereafter through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27 years) and may be extended in some cases. Other fund deficits are anticipated to be funded with grant revenues.

Budgetary Information

A budget has been adopted for the general fund, capital projects fund, refuse utility, water utility and wastewater utility. A budget has not been formally adopted for the redevelopment authority fund, YMCA grant, TIF #3 Development, TIF #5 and TIF #6 Development capital projects funds, debt service fund and special revenue funds - DARE, CDBG and Fair housing. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

Limitations on the City's Tax Levy

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

Violation of Finance-Related Legal or Contractual Provisions

At December 31, 2024, the City was not in compliance with the provisions of the 2008, 2013, 2016, 2017, 2022, 2023 and 2024 water and wastewater revenue bond covenants that require assets to be accumulated in a restricted account for the payment of future debt service. The covenants require, at a minimum, that an amount equivalent to the next debt service payments be always maintained in a segregated cash account. As of year-end, the City had no restricted cash and investments available related to debt service and had not set up segregated debt service bank accounts.

In addition, as of year-end, the water utility did not have sufficient cash available to pay for operation and maintenance expenses, as required by the revenue bond agreement.

The City was in compliance with the provisions of its water and wastewater revenue bond covenants that require that the net revenues in the water utility equal or exceed 110% of the total principal and interest paid on the revenue bonds during the year. The actual coverage as of December 31, 2024, was approximately 223% and 157%, respectively.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

The City's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

		Carrying Value	_	Bank Balance	Associated Risks
Demand and time deposits Cash on hand and petty cash Certificate of deposit	\$	2,234,374 75 922,361	\$	2,183,180 - 922,361	Custodial credit risk N/A Custodial credit risk
Total cash and investments	\$	3,156,810	<u>\$</u>	3,105,541	
Reconciliation to financial statements					
Per statement of net position: Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of net position, fiduciary funds:	\$	2,310,977 165,221			
Tax collection fund	_	680,612			
Total cash and investments	\$	3,156,810			

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$1,000,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The City has a floating collateralization agreement with First National Bank that covers deposits over the FDIC limit with additional collateralization up to \$15,000,000. As of December 31, 2024 the City was fully collateralized in their depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City. The City does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

See Note 1 for further information on deposit and investment policies.

Receivables

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year with the exception of the \$753,728 mill loan receivable, \$183,821 CDBG mortgages receivable and \$11,832 of delinquent special assessments held by the City.

Governmental funds report *unavailable* or *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	 Jnearned	U	navailable
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Payment in lieu of taxes Special assessments Loans receivable Grants receivable Grants received in advance of meeting eligibility requirements	\$ 1,823,513 25,690 - - - 366,095	\$	11,832 937,549 784,156
Total unearned/unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$ 2,215,298	\$	1,733,537
Unearned revenue included in liabilities	\$ 366,095		
Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	 1,849,203		
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 2,215,298		

Restricted Assets

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long-Term Debt Accounts

Construction - Used to report proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction.

Equipment Replacement - Used for significant wastewater treatment mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2024:

	Restricted Assets		
Restricted cash and investments: Construction account Equipment replacement	\$	12,995 152,226	
Total restricted assets	\$	165,221	

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and right of way Construction in progress	\$ 368,175 2,577,244	\$ 49,900	\$ 1,900 2,577,244	\$ 416,175 -
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,945,419	49,900	2,579,144	416,175
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Equipment and vehicles	10,513,469 7,711,681 5,998,330	3,730,534 2,721,982 130,004	1,107,033 974,882	13,136,970 9,458,781 6,128,334
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,223,480	6,582,520	2,081,915	28,724,085
Total capital assets	27,168,899	6,632,420	4,661,059	29,140,260
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Equipment and vehicles	(6,188,210) (1,904,489) (4,187,650)	(414,274) (386,335) (193,814)	533,711 974,882	(6,068,773) (1,315,942) (4,381,464)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,280,349)	(994,423)	1,508,593	(11,766,179)
Net capital assets being depreciated	11,943,131	5,588,097	573,322	16,957,906
Total governmental activities capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>\$ 14,888,550</u>	\$ 5,637,997	\$ 3,152,466	\$ 17,374,081
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions as foll	ows:		
Governmental Activities Unallocated			\$ 608,088	

Public works	_	386,335
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$	994,423

Business-Type Activities

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Water Utility Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights	\$ 99,318	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,318
Total capital assets not being depreciated	99,318			99,318
Capital assets being depreciated: Source of supply Pumping plant Water treatment plant Transmission and distribution plant General plant	1,629,169 1,934,010 2,720,401 7,984,549 403,478	- - - 1,837,193 57,006	105,737	1,629,169 1,934,010 2,720,401 9,716,005 460,484
Total capital assets being depreciated	14,671,607	1,894,199	105,737	16,460,069
Total capital assets	14,770,925	1,894,199	105,737	16,559,387
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,209,681)	(401,103)	(105,737)	(6,505,047)
Net capital assets being depreciated	8,461,926	1,493,096		9,955,022
Net water capital assets	\$ 8,561,244	\$ 1,493,096	\$ -	\$ 10,054,340
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Wastewater Utility Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights		Additions	Deletions -	
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Balance			Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being	Balance \$ 60,000			\$ 60,000
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Collection system Collection pumping Treatment plant	\$ 60,000 60,000 6,393,356 650,561 2,802,365	\$ - 1,197,277 9,660 9,759	69,117	\$ 60,000 60,000 7,521,516 660,221 2,812,124
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Collection system Collection pumping Treatment plant General plant	\$ 60,000 60,000 6,393,356 650,561 2,802,365 481,782	\$ - 1,197,277 9,660 9,759 28,145	\$ - 69,117 - 476	\$ 60,000 60,000 7,521,516 660,221 2,812,124 509,451
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Collection system Collection pumping Treatment plant General plant Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 60,000 60,000 6,393,356 650,561 2,802,365 481,782 10,328,064	\$ - 1,197,277 9,660 9,759 28,145 1,244,841 1,244,841	\$ - 69,117 - 476 69,593	\$ 60,000 60,000 7,521,516 660,221 2,812,124 509,451 11,503,312
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Collection system Collection pumping Treatment plant General plant Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets	\$ 60,000 60,000 6,393,356 650,561 2,802,365 481,782 10,328,064 10,388,064	\$ - 1,197,277 9,660 9,759 28,145 1,244,841 1,244,841	\$ - 69,117 - 476 69,593 69,593	\$ 60,000

Redevelopment Authority Capital assets not being depreciated:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Infrastructure	\$ 2,098,996	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,098,996
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,088,506)	(10,490)	· .	(2,098,996)
Net capital assets being depreciated	_			(2,000,000)
Net redevelopment authority capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 10,490	\$ (10,490)	\$ -	\$ -
Business-type activities capital assets, net as reported in the statement of net position	<u>\$ 14,567,780</u>	\$ 2,498,503	\$ -	\$ 17,066,283
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions as follo	ows:		
Business-Type Activities Water utility				
Wastewater utility		\$	390,070 239,977	
Redevelopment utility		<u>.</u>	10,490	
Total		<u>\$</u>	640,537	
Donraciation				

Depreciation expense may be different from business-type activity accumulated depreciation additions because of joint metering, salvage, cost of removal, internal allocations or costs associated with the disposal of assets.

Interfund Receivables/Payables, Advances and Transfers

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	An	nount
General Fund General Fund General Fund Water Utility Wastewater Utility Refuse Fund	Water Utility Refuse Fund CDBG Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund	\$	519,411 14,548 100 13,213 7,697 2,164
Total, fund financial state	ements		557,133
Less advances Less fund and government-wide	eliminations	(630,802) (46,248)
Total internal balances, g	overnment-wide statement of net position	\$ (119,917)

All amounts are due within one year.

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover an overdraft of pooled cash.

Advances

The following is a schedule of interfund advances. A repayment schedule has been established for the advances from the wastewater utility to the water utility, general fund, and TIF #5. No repayment schedule has been established for the general fund advance to TIF #6 development fund and interest is not being charged on the remaining advances.

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	1	mount Not Due Within One Year
General Fund TIF #6 Development Wastewater Utility Water Utility Wastewater Utility General Fund Wastewater Utility TIF #5		\$ 509,775 341,882 334,361 296,441	\$	509,775 324,784 317,640 283,392
Total, fund financial state	1,482,459			
Less fund eliminations	,	 (851,657)		
Total, interfund advances net position	\$ 630,802			

The principal purpose of these advances is to finance capital projects in those funds.

The repayment schedules of the interfund advances from the wastewater utility are as follows:

		Water	Nater Utility Ge			Genera	neral Fund				TIF #5		
<u>Years</u>	F	rincipal	I	nterest	F	Principal		Interest	F	Principal		nterest	
2025	\$	17,098	\$	4,070	\$	16,721	\$	3,980	\$	13,049	\$	3,392	
2026		17,307		3,860		16,926		3,775		13,221		3,654	
2027		17,518		3,647		17,133		3,567		13,395		3,478	
2028		17,732		3,432		17,342		3,357		13,572		3,300	
2029		17,948		3,214		17,554		3,144		13,751		3,120	
2030-2034		93,083		12,710		91,036		12,430		71,528		12,808	
2035-2039		98,906		6,851		96,731		6,700		76,375		7,929	
2040-2044		62,290		1,148		60,918	_	1,123		81,550	-	2,719	
						VO. 094 - 27 - 095 - 275 - 275							
Total	\$	341,882	\$	38,932	\$	334,361	\$	38,076	\$	296,441	\$	40,400	

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	Amount		Principal Purpose
General Fund Capital Projects Fund TIF #5 TIF #5 Debt Service Fund	Water Utility General Fund Debt Service Fund TIF #3 Development General Fund	\$	116,329 108,128 5,240,156 450,000 437,487	Property tax equivalent Capital projects Debt refunding Increment sharing Debt service
Total, fund financial statements			6,352,100	
Less government-wide elimina	tions		(6,235,771)	
Less capital assets contributed to business-type activities			(3,026,566)	
Total transfers, government-wide statement of activities			(2,910,237)	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Short-Term Debt Activity

The City issued short-term debt in 2024 for cash flow purposes in anticipation of financing. The proceeds were used to provide interim financing for additions, extensions and improvements to the City's Streets, Water System and Sewerage System and paying the related costs. Interest rate on note was 6.50% and the note was paid in full on November 13, 2024.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities 2024 GO bank note	\$	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000	\$
Total governmental activities short-term	<u> </u>	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000	<u> -</u>

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	-	Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	mounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation bonds and notes General obligation notes from direct	\$	3,250,000	\$	5,175,000	\$	400,000	\$	8,025,000	\$ 450,000
borrowings and direct placements Note anticipation notes Unamortized bond premium		77,576 4,100,000 100,028		198,637	-	4,100,000 31,154	2	77,576 - 267,511	-
Total bonds and notes payable	_	7,527,604		5,373,637		4,531,154		8,370,087	450,000
Other liabilities: Compensated absences*	-	167,336	-		-	15,736		151,600	6,064
Total other liabilities		167,336		-		15,736		151,600	6,064
Total governmental activities long- term liabilities	\$	7,694,940	\$	5,373,637	\$	4,546,890	\$	8,521,687	\$ 456,064
Business-Type Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation notes from direct									
borrowings and direct placements Revenue bonds from direct borrowing or	\$	60,000	\$	-	\$	60,000	\$	-	\$:-
direct placement		5,979,382		296,441		609,024		5,666,799	635,487
Total bonds and notes payable		6,039,382		296,441		669,024		5,666,799	635,487
Other liabilities: Compensated absences*		42,177		9,356				51,533	2,061
Total other liabilities		42,177		9,356		-		51,533	2,061
Total business-type activities long- term liabilities	\$	6,081,559	\$	305,797	\$	669,024	\$	5,718,332	\$ 637,548

^{*} The change in the compensated absences liability is presented as a net change.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2024, was \$8,682,465. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$8,102,576.

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation debt payable is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Debt in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund.

General obligation debt payable for the City at December 31, 2024, consists of the following:

Governmental Activities							Balance
General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	In	Original debtedness	De	cember 31, 2024
2021A Note payable	2021	2028	2.00%	\$	2,300,000	\$	1,600,000
2021 Bank note payable**	2021	2026	2.45		1,269,000		77,576
2023 Note payable	2023	2033	2.56		1,250,000		1,250,000
2024 Note payable	2024	2044	4.00-5.00		5,175,000		5,175,000
Total governmental a	activities, ger	neral obligatio	on debt			\$	8,102,576

^{**} Debt is considered direct borrowings or direct placements.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental Activities						
		General Obligatio Direct Borrowing General Obligation Notes Placeme						
<u>Years</u>	_	Principal		Interest	P	rincipal	_	Interest
2025	\$	450,000	\$	273,430	\$	-	\$	1,901
2026		450,000		308,950		77,576		1,901
2027		450,000		298,450		-		-
2028		605,000		284,075		-		-
2029		445,000		259,825		-		-
2030-2034		2,225,000		954,775		-		-
2035-2039		1,505,000		543,925		-		-
2040-2044		1,895,000	_	195,700				
Total	\$	8,025,000	\$	3,119,130	\$	77,576	\$	3,802

Revenue Debt

Business-type activities revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the water utility and wastewater utility.

The water utility has pledged future water utility revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay water revenue bonds issued in 2008, 2013, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2023. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the water utility. The bonds are payable solely from water utility revenues and are payable through 2043. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 24.17% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,214,769. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$529,724 and \$699,924, respectively.

The wastewater utility has pledged future wastewater utility revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay wastewater revenue bonds issued in 2013, 2016, 2017, 2022 and 2024. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the wastewater utility. The bonds are payable solely from wastewater utility revenues and are payable through 2044. Annual principal and interest payments on the wastewater bonds are expected to require 54.42% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,946,361. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$178,944 and \$270,703, respectively.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2024, consists of the following:

Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance December 31, 2024	
Water Utility				- Industration		
Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2008	2027	2.365%	\$ 639,638	\$ 114,588	
Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2008	2028	1.419	2.564,141	579,778	
Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2013	2033	1.155	858,691	412,679	
Water Systems Refunding				,	,	
Bond**	2015	2029	3.750	2,120,500	819,500	
Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2016	2036	0.990	953,244	584,317	
Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2017	2039	1.122	711,250	395,447	
Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2023	2043	1.287	120,173	114,866	
Wastewater Utility						
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2013	2033	2.625%	452,721	171,659	
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2016	2036	2.100	734,562	458,752	
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2017	2037	1.056	620,367	380,686	
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2022	2042	1.221	1,469,513	1,338,086	(1)
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2024	2044	1.320	296,441	296,441	(.)
Total business-type act	ivities, reven	ue debt			\$ 5,666,799	

^{**} The debt noted is directly placed with a third party.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	 <u>Bor</u>	Business-Ty Revenue Del rowings and	t Fro	m Direct
<u>Years</u>	-	Principal	-	Interest
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044	\$	635,487 649,176 662,973 636,861 379,306 1,480,481 870,617 351,898	\$	89,943 76,872 62,992 49,209 38,894 125,148 43,375 7,898
Total	<u>\$</u>	5,666,799	\$	494,331

^{(1) -} During 2022 the utility was authorized to issue \$1,506,000 of Sewerage System Revenue Bonds. The original amount reported above has been issued as of December 31, 2024. The repayment schedule is for the amount issued.

Other Debt Information

The City's outstanding 2021 General Obligation notes from direct borrowings and/or direct placements related to governmental activities and business-type activities with balances totaling \$77,576, contain provisions that in the event of default, the outstanding balance shall become immediately due and payable.

The City's 2008, 2013, 2015, 2017 and 2023 Safe Drinking Water Loans and 2013, 2016, 2017, 2022 and 2024 Clean Water Fund Loans from direct borrowings and/or direct placements related to business-type activities with balances totaling \$5,666,799, contain provisions that amounts due may be deducted from any state payments due to the City, that the Wisconsin Department of Administration may add a special charge to the amount of taxes apportioned to and levied upon the county in which the City is located, that the state has the right to bill the users of the City's utility system directly and that the state has the right to declare the entire principal balance immediately due and payable.

Current Refunding

On November 13, 2024, the City issued \$5,175,000 in general obligation bonds with an average coupon rate of 4.50% to refund \$5,200,000 of outstanding notes with an average coupon rate of 3.80%. The net proceeds along with existing funds of the City were used to prepay the outstanding debt.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded debt prior to the current refunding was \$5,344,733 from 2024 through 2025. The cash flow requirements on the 2024 refunding bonds are \$7,832,230 from 2025 through 2044. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$1,820,000.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2024, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net investment in capital assets: Land Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less related long-term debt outstanding Less unamortized premium on capital related debt	\$	416,175 16,957,906 (8,025,000) (267,511)
Total net net investment in capital assets	<u>\$</u>	9,081,570

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2024, include the following:

		Ca					
	General Fund	Capital Projects	TIF #5	YMCA Grant	Nonmajor Funds	Total	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable: Delinquent taxes Prepaid items and	\$ 11,832	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,832	
inventory Noncurrent	31,881	140,343	-	-	·	172,224	
advances	509,775					509,775	
Subtotal	553,488	140,343		-	_	693,831	
Restricted for: Loan programs, CDBG TIF districts	-	-	1,743,689	-	106,832 165,238	106,832 1,908,927	
Special project, DARE Fair housing fund			-	-	18,858 54,070	18,858 54,070	
Subtotal			1,743,689	_	344,998	2,088,687	
Assigned to: 2025 budget	2,792					2,792	
Subtotal	2,792			_	_	2,792	
Unassigned (Deficit)	877,285	(136,637)		(941,172)	(514,957)	(715,481)	
Total fund balances (deficit)	\$ 1,433,565	\$ 3,706	<u>\$ 1,743,689</u>	<u>\$ (941,172)</u>	\$ (169,959)	\$ 2,069,829	
Business-Type Activities Net investment in capital assets:							
Land \$ Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less related long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital						8 5	
related de Plus unspe	(5,666,79 12,99						
Total r	et investment	in capital asset	s		\$ 11,412,47	9	

4. Other Information

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Postretirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment %	Variable Fund Adjustment %
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0
2023	1.6	(21.0)

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$133,104 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2024 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.80 %	6.80 %
Protective with Social Security	6.80	13.20
Protective without Social Security	6.80	18.10

Pension Liability, Pension Expense (Revenue), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$146,016 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.00982080%, which was an increase of 0.00029429% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$91,639.

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual experience	\$	588,736	\$ 779,784
Changes in actuarial assumptions		63,644	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		508,843	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,316	3,285
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		141,737	
Total	\$	1,305,276	\$ 783,069

\$141,737 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years EndingDecember 31:	Ou Res Defe	Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)	
2025	\$	77,815	
2026		82,162	
2027		318,843	
2028		(98,350)	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2022

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): December 31, 2023

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8%

Discount Rate: 6.8%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Postretirement Adjustments*: 1.7%

* No postretirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the postretirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation.